



THE REBOUNDERS REPORT



The Ohio High School Athletic Association

Common Q and A's

August 11, 2017

When does a Team's "No-Contact Period" actually begin?

Answer: There are TWO "No-Contact Periods" for basketball. One begins at the conclusion of THAT TEAM'S Season and runs for 28 consecutive days. For example, if a Middle School team's season ends on Friday, February 11, the 'no-contact period' would begin Saturday, February 12 for players on that team. The other "No-Contact Period" occurs the month of August; from August 1 – August 31. (This was changed beginning the 2016-17 school year. Detailed written guidance on the "No-Contact Period" can be found at www.ohsaa.org/sports/bk/ReboundersReport/Basketball/No-ContactRule.pdf

Can Players Continue Weight Lifting Programs During a No-Contact Period?

Answer: Yes. Basketball coaches MAY SUPERVISE THE WEIGHT ROOM during the No-Contact Period. Please note it permits **supervision of the weight room**, it does NOT permit conditioning in the gym, open gym or anything other than supervision of the weight room.

Can Middle School Players practice or play with High School players DURING the season?

Answer: No. OHSAA Bylaws prohibit middle school players from practicing or competing with High School players during the season of play in all sports.

Can Middle School Players participate in Open Gyms at the High School level?

Answer: Yes. OHSAA Bylaws and Sports Regulations do not prevent anyone from participating in Open Gyms.

Can Middle School aged players participate with High School aged players in summer 'team camps' and 'shootouts'?

Answer: Yes. Just as above, the OHSAA Regulations that prohibit 7-8 graders from participating with 9-12 graders is only in effect during the season of play. This is not to be taken as an encouragement to do so, however, our regulations do not prohibit it. Summer events or off-season events are not considered interscholastic contests by the OHSAA.

Can Middle School Players Be Included with High School Players during Individual Instruction permitted by Sports Regulation 8.2?

Answer: Yes. Since it is OUTSIDE the season, there is no restriction on age groups relative to this regulation. ANY individual receiving instruction must be counted as one of the FOUR (4) permitted in *all combined facilities where the instruction is taking place*.

Can Players from another school participate with another school during summer "team camps" and "Shoot-outs"?

Answer: Yes. The OHSAA does not view "Team Camps" and/or "Shootouts" anytime out of season as any kind of a school event. They are considered "non-interscholastic" and may attended by anyone. It does NOT waive any of the Bylaw relative to 'Recruiting', however.

What can coaches do during an Open Gym?

Answer: Coaches may supervise during an open gym. Coaches may play during an open gym setting. Open Gyms cannot be made mandatory. Open Gyms **must** be 'free and unstructured play, so NO coaching may take place during an Open Gym. Open Gyms are defined in their entirety in Sports' Regulation #10. Language in the "Individual Instruction" regulation (General Sports Regulation 8.2.1) delineates the permissions in that regulation from those in Open Gyms. A more condensed explanation for coaches can be found at: http://www.ohsaa.org/sports/bk/ReboundersReport/Basketball_Open_Gym_Regulations.pdf

What can coaches do during Conditioning Programs?

Answer: Conditioning programs cannot be made mandatory. Sports' Regulation #9 on page 70 of the OHSAA Handbook defines Physical Fitness/Conditioning Programs. Obviously, conditioning programs cannot be used as a 'disguise' for conducting out of season practices. Language in the "Individual Instruction" regulation (General Sports Regulation 8.2.1) delineates the permissions in that regulation from those in conditioning programs.

What is actually meant by "Coaching"?

Answer: "Coaching" refers to ANY organizational or instructional contact with athletes by a basketball coach to basketball players. Specific activities include (but are NOT limited to) practice or other instructional situations in which the coach conducts specific drills, teaches skills, implies and supports an instructional environment without actually doing the coaching (i.e. "captains' practices").

Is the use of a training aid such as a "Shoot-a-Way" or "The Gun" considered coaching?

Answer: Not the 'USE' of. OHSAA regulations will permit individuals to use a shooting aid during an open gym under **supervision**. However, any time there is ANY kind of instruction using that shooting device, it would then HAVE to fall within the permissions granted for "Individual Instruction" (General Sports Regulation 8.2.1). So the set-up and USE of a shooting aid is not considered 'coaching', however any instruction to a player would be.

I want to have players from my team in a classroom setting to go over leadership training. Would this be considered coaching?

Answer: Yes. It still involves instructing your players, even though it is of a 'mental' type of instructing. It would be considered 'coaching' and would need to fall within all the permissions and parameters of out-of-season coaching.

In a "Summer League" if I sit on a bench during a game, does that constitute 'coaching'?

Answer: Yes. Sitting on the team bench or in the direct vicinity of the competition in areas reserved for coaches and or delivering instruction to athletes while they are competing IS coaching. Standing on the end of the gym floor at a 'relaxed' environment of a summer league game and barking out instructions.....is indeed coaching. Again, remember that ANY coaching that DOES occur can only occur between June 1 and July 31 outside the season of play.

In a "Summer League" can I 'attend' and watch players from my school play?

Answer: Of course. But.....watching is watching. Watching does not include giving instruction, substituting, etc. Don't confuse the two.

During the summer when I am permitted 10 days of coaching to my team (June 1 – July 31) if I use days to coach a Junior High team, do those days count against the 10 I am permitted to coach 9-12 graders?

Answer: No, 'probably not'. As long as your Board of Education SUPPLEMENTAL CONTRACT (not your job description) does not specifically state that you have duties to also conduct practices or coach games at the 7-8 grade level in addition to your high school duties (and I truly know very few school supplemental contracts that requires that), there are 10 days permitted separately for 7-8 graders and 10 permitted separately for 9-12 graders. And...that provides a tremendous amount of flexibility for coaches in the summer.

Based upon the above, when is an 8th grader then considered to be a 9th grader?

Answer: August 1.

Who can volunteer to be a member of the coaching staff?

Answer: To work with student-athletes in any school program, an individual must receive his/her Pupil Activity Coaching Certificate through the Ohio Department of Education and be approved by the school's Board of Education. Once achieving these requirements, a volunteer falls under all Bylaws and Sports Regulations of the OHSAA.

Can a player on my team participate in non-interscholastic team(s) at the same time as the season?

Answer: No. Sports' Regulation #4 prohibits student-athletes from participating in programs such as "AAU", "Club", "Travel" and like programs during the season of play. Coaches should go to great lengths to explain this to players on their teams.

When CAN a player on my team participate in Non-Interscholastic Basketball?

Answer: As soon as his/her season is complete. This means a Varsity player may participate as soon as his/her last game (including tournament) is played. Any sub-varsity player may play non-interscholastically when his/her season is complete but it must be kept in mind that he/she cannot return to dress/participate in any OHSAA tournament game. Many Athletic Administrations will safeguard this by allowing no level of player to participate in non-interscholastic basketball until the varsity's last tournament game. Though not entirely necessary, this DOES safeguard all athletes.

How many players can play together on a Non-Interscholastic team such as AAU outside the season?

Answer: TWO (2). OHSAA Sports Regulations limit the number of participants on any non-interscholastic roster to no more than 50% of those that make up a starting lineup of a team. In basketball, that magic number is 2. The only exception to this is explained on page 66-67 in Sports' Regulation 7.31(f) in which all members of the non-interscholastic squad are siblings (by blood or adoption) and no other player from the same school squad is a participant on the non-school team.

Can our team participate in a fundraiser game against a faculty or a team of local/area celebrities outside the season of play?

Answer: Yes they can, however, it must be against all members of the same school's faculty.

If our school has 2-8th grade teams, are we permitted to have 4 total players from our school on a non-interscholastic team (AAU/Travel)?

Answer: No, UNLESS your 2 separate 8th grade teams are in 2 separate middle schools. For example, if you have Jones Middle School and Smith Middle School, you COULD have 2 from "Jones" and 2 from "Smith" on the same non-interscholastic team. If you have both 8th grade teams in the same building, you are strictly limited to the 2 from that particular school, regardless of how many teams you have.

However after August 1 of each year, those 8th graders from the previous year are now considered 9th graders in the standards of the OHSAA. IF they are attending the same high school, they are now considered to be players from the same school. See below

If a player is transferring from another school, would he/she count in the total of 2 players permitted on the same school team?

Answer: Yes. With language passed for 2015-16, any individual that played for the previous school team would count in the number of players 'from the same school' beginning August 1 of that school year. So, a player that played last year for "School A" and transfers to "School B" would be considered a member of "School B's" basketball team after August 1 and would therefore be subject to the '2 player limitation' on the same non-school team. This would also affect incoming 9th graders after August 1 that attended separate middle schools/junior highs but played for their respective middle school/junior high teams.

Is the above true for 3 on 3 Tournaments such as “Gus Macker” (and like) tournaments?

Answer: No. Players may participate in **organized** “3 on 3 TOURNAMENTS” (such as Gus Macker Tournaments) in excess of the 50% limitation (2 in basketball). The permission is now written into the Basketball Sports Regulations and reads: “Participation in “3 on 3” tournaments (such as but not limited to “Gus Macker” tournaments) is **not** a violation OHSAA non-interscholastic Team Sports Regulation 7.31 for student-athletes”. This is NOT a permission for coaches to conduct “3 on 3” coaching sessions, drills or practices.

How are players ‘classified’ when in Middle School/Junior High and High School relative to playing on non-interscholastic teams?

Answer: Players are considered middle school/junior high until the beginning of their 9th grade year and are considered separate as it relates to participating on non-interscholastic teams. For example; 2 - 8th graders could participate on an “AAU” (non-interscholastic) team along with 2 - 9th graders from the same school. They are considered separate. Please keep in mind this cannot occur during the season of play.

During the summer, how many days are we permitted to coach our players?

Answer: TEN (10) **anytime there are more than 4 individuals (players from last year’s team or NOT)**. From June 1 – July 31, a coaching staff is permitted to coach a total 10 days, known as ‘instructional days’. These days are designed as “Team Instructional Days” and are afforded to coaching staff’s for that reason. General Sports Regulation 8, permits INDIVIDUAL instruction and was added to provide an opportunity for individual skill instruction while leaving the “Team Instruction” time intact.

Does a day of my own summer camp count toward these 10 days?

Answer: Yes, as long as there are more than 4 present *in all the combined facilities where the instruction is taking place*. Any day of individual instruction or team instruction is considered one of the 10 total permitted between June 1 and July 31 if *more than 4 individuals are present in all combined facilities where the instruction is taking place*.

How about if I coach 2 players from my school team IN TEAM PLAY (during June and July)?

Answer: Currently the OHSAA does not view that as an instructional day, but one must remember it MUST be between June 1 and July 31.

Does each member of my staff receive 10 separate days?

Answer: No. Obviously, if this were to occur, a school could have upwards of 40 and 60 days of permitted instruction. The 10 days permitted are per staff.

If I were to use a ‘coaching day’ to coach 7-8 graders, does that count against my 10 days permitted for my high school teams?

Answer: No. There are 10 separate days provided for Junior High (grades 7-8) and High School (9-12). Any day used by a 7-12 board approved coach (paid or volunteer) would count toward the 10 permitted. In other words, if a HS Varsity coach elected to use a coaching day with a 7th or 8th grade group, ONE of the 10 days would be used up for the 7-8th grade but would not count toward the 10 provided to the 9th -12th.

With the above, when do we consider an individual that is advancing from the 8th grade to be a 9th grader?

Answer: August 1.

Do Volunteers count in the 10 day total of ‘coaching days’ provided to coaches during June and July?

Answer: Yes. As mentioned earlier, all volunteers fall under the Bylaws and Sports Regulations of the OHSAA. The 10 days permitted to a staff are inclusive of paid and volunteer coaches.

If my son or daughter plays on an AAU or Non-Interscholastic team and I am their school coach, can I coach them if I am a school coach?

Answer: Yes, regardless of whether you are the parent of a player or not, effective the 2017-18 school year, school coaches may now coach players from their own school teams in AAU/Travel/Club sports outside the season of play **except during the No-Contact Period**. Keep in mind that a totally different regulation limits non-school teams to 2 that played for the same school teams the previous seasons.

Can any school coach coach players in non-interscholastic basketball (such as “AAU”) outside the season of play?

Answer: Yes as defined in the previous Question/Answer.

We have incoming 7th graders that want to play in a fall basketball league. What rules affect them?

Answer: None of the OHSAA Sports Regulations regulate 7th graders until they establish themselves as a member of a school basketball team. As a result, they may play on teams without regard of the “50% limitation”.

On non-interscholastic teams, can 2 boys from a school play along with 2 GIRLS from the same school and still meet the requirements of the “50% Rule” (Sports Regulation 7.31) when players participate in non-interscholastic basketball?

Answer: Yes. Since boys’ and girls’ teams are separate, the 50% limitation (Sports Regulation 6.5) separates boys’ teams from girls’ teams.

We have a “home schooled’ player who lives in the district and would like to play for our school. Can he or she?

Answer: Yes, effective August 2013. STATE LAW now affords a home schooled individual the opportunity to participate in extracurricular activities at the school where he/she resides. Nothing in the law exempts them from required "physical forms", attendance at required pre-season meetings or tryouts.

We have an individual that attends a non-public school that does not sponsor basketball. Can that individual play for our school without attending our school?

Answer: Yes, IF your school is a PUBLIC school and that person resides in your public school district. They must still meet all academic requirements, attend pre-season meetings, etc.

We have an individual that attends a PUBLIC school that does not sponsor basketball. Can that individual play for our school without attending our school?

Answer: No. This 'permission' was granted by the Governor of Ohio by the passage of law and only afforded to those that attend a NON-public school. A person attending a PUBLIC school may only participate for the school where they reside. In all cases, this is an issue that must go through the school's athletic director.

We have a Foreign Exchange Student who would like to participate on our basketball team. Can he or she do this?

Answer: Again, it depends. All foreign exchange students must have their eligibility approved through the Commissioner's office. No foreign exchange student is eligible until approved by the Commissioner. Approval should be sought by your school administration with the OHSAA.

Complete BASKETBALL Regulations may be found at the following link: <http://www.ohsaa.org/sports/rglts/BSK.pdf>

Complete GENERAL Regulations may be found at the following link: <http://www.ohsaa.org/sports/rglts/GeneralSportsRegulations.pdf>